

Persuasive writing anne frank Tutorial

persuasive writing anne frank is a compelling topic that combines the art of persuasive communication with the profound historical significance of Anne Frank's life and legacy. By exploring how persuasive writing techniques can be applied to Anne Frank's story, we can better understand the power of words in inspiring change, fostering empathy, and promoting social justice. In this article, we will delve into the fundamentals of persuasive writing, analyze Anne Frank's own writing style, and provide practical tips on harnessing persuasive techniques to honor her memory and advocate for a better world.

Understanding Persuasive Writing

What Is Persuasive Writing?

Persuasive writing is a form of communication designed to convince readers to adopt a particular viewpoint, take specific actions, or believe in a cause. It employs logical arguments, emotional appeals, and credible evidence to influence opinions and behaviors. This type of writing is often used in speeches, advertisements, editorials, and advocacy campaigns.

Key Elements of Persuasive Writing

To craft effective persuasive messages, writers typically focus on:

- **Clear Position:** Establishing a definitive stance on the issue.
- **Emotional Appeal:** Connecting with readers' feelings to motivate action.
- **Logical Arguments:** Providing facts, statistics, and reasoning.
- **Credibility:** Building trust through credible sources and authentic voice.
- **Call to Action:** Encouraging readers to act or think differently.

Anne Frank's Writing: An Inspiration for Persuasion

The Power of Anne Frank's Diary

Anne Frank's diary, written during her time in hiding from the Nazis, is not just a personal account but also a persuasive artifact that advocates for human rights and tolerance. Her words transcend her circumstances, inspiring millions to stand against injustice.

Analyzing Anne Frank's Writing Style

Anne's writing is characterized by:

- **Authenticity:** Genuine expressions of her thoughts and feelings.
- **Empathy:** Deep understanding and compassion for others.
- **Persuasive Tone:** A subtle but powerful call for understanding and peace.
- **Vivid Imagery:** Creating emotional connection through detailed descriptions.

Her diary employs a combination of personal reflection and universal messages, making her voice an effective tool for persuasion.

Applying Persuasive Techniques to Anne Frank's Legacy

Using Emotional Appeals

Anne's story evokes empathy and compassion. To persuade others using her example:

- Share personal stories that highlight shared human experiences.
- Use evocative language that appeals to the reader's feelings.
- Highlight the consequences of hatred and intolerance.

Employing Logical Arguments

Support persuasive messages with facts:

- Present historical evidence about the Holocaust to underscore the importance of tolerance.
- Use statistics to demonstrate ongoing issues related to discrimination.
- Highlight successes of social justice movements inspired by Anne's story.

Building Credibility

Establish trust by:

- Citing reputable sources and historical documents.
- Sharing testimonials from survivors or scholars.
- Maintaining an authentic and respectful tone.

Creating a Call to Action

Encourage readers to:

- Promote education about the Holocaust and human rights.
- Participate in community service or advocacy initiatives.
- Share Anne Frank's story to raise awareness.

Practical Tips for Writing Persuasively About Anne Frank

1. Understand Your Audience

Identify what motivates your readers. Are they students, educators, activists, or general audiences? Tailor your language and appeals accordingly.

2. Craft a Compelling Thesis

Start with a strong statement that encapsulates your main message, such as "Anne Frank's enduring voice reminds us of the necessity of tolerance and human rights."

3. Use Powerful Stories and Quotes

Incorporate quotes from Anne's diary to lend authenticity and emotional impact. For example:

"In spite of everything, I still believe that people are really good at heart."

4. Incorporate Visuals and Personal Narratives

Photos, artwork, and personal stories can enhance emotional engagement and reinforce your message.

5. End with a Strong Call to Action

Motivate your audience to take meaningful steps, whether it's learning more about history, supporting anti-discrimination initiatives, or sharing Anne's story.

Examples of Persuasive Writing Inspired by Anne Frank

Speech Excerpt

"Anne Frank's words remind us that even in the darkest times, hope and kindness can prevail. Let us honor her memory by committing to a world where tolerance and understanding are the norm, not

the exception."

Essay Introduction

"The life and writings of Anne Frank continue to serve as a powerful testament to the resilience of the human spirit. Her diary not only chronicles her personal struggles but also advocates for empathy and social justice, urging us all to stand against hatred."

Conclusion: Honoring Anne Frank Through Persuasive Writing

Persuasive writing about Anne Frank is a potent way to keep her legacy alive. By employing emotional appeals, credible evidence, and compelling storytelling, writers can inspire new generations to uphold the values she championed. Her story teaches us that words have the power to influence attitudes, promote understanding, and drive social change. Whether in speeches, essays, or campaigns, harnessing persuasive techniques in the context of Anne Frank's life can help foster a more compassionate and just society.

Final Thoughts

Remember, the essence of persuasive writing inspired by Anne Frank lies in authenticity and empathy. Her voice continues to resonate because it speaks to universal human values. As writers and advocates, it is our responsibility to carry forward her message, using the art of persuasion to build a better world—one filled with kindness, tolerance, and hope.

Persuasive Writing Anne Frank: An Analytical Exploration of Impact, Technique, and Legacy

Introduction

In the realm of historical literature and personal narratives, Anne Frank's diary stands as one of the most compelling and influential documents of the 20th century. While often celebrated for its raw honesty and emotional depth, an intriguing aspect that merits deeper exploration is the persuasive power embedded within Anne Frank's writing. The manner in which she constructs her narrative, appeals to her readers' empathy, and subtly advocates for hope, human rights, and resilience exemplifies the art of persuasive writing. This article delves into the nuanced techniques Anne Frank employed, the thematic underpinnings of her persuasive voice, and the enduring influence of her words in contemporary discourse.

Understanding Persuasive Writing in the Context of Anne Frank's Diary

What is Persuasive Writing?

Persuasive writing aims to influence the reader's thoughts, beliefs, or actions through carefully crafted language, emotional appeals, and logical arguments. It seeks not merely to inform but to motivate change or reinforce particular viewpoints. In Anne Frank's case, her diary functions on multiple levels: as a personal record, a historical document, and a subtle form of advocacy.

The Unique Nature of Anne Frank's Persuasion

Anne's diary is distinctive because it combines personal vulnerability with a strategic use of language that fosters empathy. Her persuasive elements are woven seamlessly into her reflections, making her voice both authentic and compelling. Her writing persuades readers of the universal human spirit, the importance of tolerance, and the tragic consequences of hatred.

Techniques of Persuasion in Anne Frank's Writings

Anne Frank's persuasive writing employs several rhetorical strategies that enhance her message's emotional and intellectual appeal:

1. Emotional Appeal (Pathos)

- Personal Narratives: Anne's vivid descriptions of her hopes, fears, and frustrations evoke empathy. For example, her reflections on longing for freedom or her feelings of confinement humanize her experience.
- Expressing Humanity: She discusses common desires like friendship, love, and safety, making her relatable beyond her Jewish identity.
- Descriptive Language: Her use of evocative imagery creates a visceral connection with readers, fostering compassion and understanding.

2. Ethical Appeal (Ethos)

- Moral Reflection: Anne often contemplates the nature of goodness and evil, positioning herself as a morally upright individual seeking justice.
- Moral Authority: Her age and innocence lend credibility, as she embodies the voice of innocence confronting injustice.
- Authenticity: Her candidness about her flaws and fears enhances her credibility and trustworthiness.

3. Logical Appeal (Logos)

- Historical Context: Anne provides insights into the Nazi persecution, helping readers understand the gravity of the situation.
- Reasoned Reflection: She often ponders the consequences of hatred and intolerance, encouraging readers to think critically about societal issues.
- Cause and Effect: Her observations underscore how prejudice leads to suffering, persuading readers to oppose discrimination.

4. Use of Literary Devices

- Repetition and Parallelism: Reinforces key themes such as hope and resilience.
- Metaphors and Similes: Enhance emotional resonance and clarity.
- Narrative Structure: Her diary's chronological and thematic organization guides the reader through her evolving perspective, creating a compelling persuasive arc.

Thematic Elements that Enhance Persuasion

Several overarching themes in Anne Frank's diary amplify its persuasive impact:

1. Hope Amid Darkness

- Despite the grim circumstances, Anne maintains hope for a better future. Her recurring motif of hope persuades readers to believe in human resilience and the possibility of goodness prevailing.

2. The Universality of Humanity

- Anne's reflections transcend her immediate situation, emphasizing shared human experiences. This universal perspective persuades readers to see her as a symbol of all oppressed peoples.

3. The Dangers of Hatred and Intolerance

- Her personal account underscores the destructive power of prejudice, serving as a warning and a moral plea for tolerance.

4. The Power of Voice and Expression

- Anne's diary exemplifies how individual voices can challenge injustice, persuading readers of

the importance of speaking out.

The Impact of Anne Frank's Persuasive Voice on Readers and Society

Fostering Empathy and Awareness

Anne Frank's diary has the extraordinary ability to evoke deep empathy, persuading readers to confront uncomfortable truths about human nature and history. Her personal reflections persuade us to remember the victims of the Holocaust and to stand against hatred.

Inspiring Activism and Human Rights Advocacy

Her writings have inspired countless individuals and organizations to promote tolerance and fight discrimination. The persuasive power of her words continues to influence educational curricula, memorials, and social justice initiatives.

Creating a Legacy of Resilience

Anne's persuasive narrative fosters resilience, encouraging future generations to persevere in the face of adversity, uphold human dignity, and advocate for a more just world.

Critical Analysis of Persuasive Effectiveness

While Anne Frank's diary is undeniably powerful, its persuasive effectiveness can be analyzed through several lenses:

Strengths

- **Authenticity:** Her honest and heartfelt tone makes her persuasion compelling.
- **Relatability:** Her universal themes resonate across cultures and generations.
- **Moral Authority:** Her innocence and moral clarity lend weight to her appeals.

Limitations

- **Audience Dependence:** The impact relies heavily on readers' empathy and willingness to engage.
- **Historical Context:** As a personal diary, it may lack the broader empirical evidence typical of academic persuasive texts.

- Potential Bias: Her subjective perspective, while authentic, may limit the scope of her argument.

Despite these limitations, the emotional and moral appeals embedded in her writing have cemented its persuasive power.

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of Anne Frank's Persuasive Writing

Anne Frank's diary exemplifies how personal storytelling can serve as a potent form of persuasion. Her ability to blend emotional vulnerability, moral reflection, and logical reasoning creates a compelling narrative that continues to influence individuals and societies worldwide. Her words persuade us to remember the past, confront present injustices, and commit to a future rooted in tolerance and human dignity.

Through her writings, Anne Frank has transcended her tragic circumstances to become a timeless symbol of hope, resilience, and the enduring power of the human spirit. Her persuasive voice reminds us that even in the darkest times, the human capacity for compassion and understanding can shine brightest. As we reflect on her legacy, it becomes clear that her words are not merely historical artifacts but living calls to action?persuasive appeals urging us to build a better, more tolerant world.

QuestionAnswer How can persuasive writing be used to highlight Anne Frank's significance in history? Persuasive writing can emphasize Anne Frank's enduring legacy by showcasing her diary as a powerful testament to human resilience and the importance of tolerance, encouraging readers to reflect on the lessons from her life. What strategies can be employed in persuasive writing to advocate for Holocaust education using Anne Frank's story? Using emotional appeals, historical evidence, and personal anecdotes from Anne's diary, writers can convincingly argue for the necessity of Holocaust education to prevent future atrocities and honor her memory. How does Anne Frank's diary serve as an effective tool in persuasive writing to promote human rights? Anne Frank's diary personalizes the impacts of discrimination and intolerance, allowing writers to persuade audiences of the importance of defending human rights through compelling storytelling and moral appeals. In what ways can persuasive writing about Anne Frank inspire activism among young people? By highlighting Anne's courage and the lessons from her life, persuasive writing can motivate young people to stand against injustice and promote social change, emphasizing the relevance of her story today. What are key elements to include in persuasive essays about Anne Frank to effectively influence readers? Key elements include emotional storytelling, credible historical facts, moral appeals, clear calls to action, and connecting Anne's experiences to contemporary issues of tolerance and human rights.

Related keywords: Anne Frank, persuasive writing techniques, Holocaust literature, diary entries, emotional appeal, historical context, memoir analysis, anti-discrimination messages, narrative voice,

ethical persuasion

Second Grade Non Fiction Persuasive Passages

Second grade non fiction persuasive passages are an essential component of early literacy instruction, helping young students develop critical reading and thinking skills. These passages are designed to introduce second graders to the art of persuasion through engaging and age-appropriate non-fiction texts. By exploring these passages, children learn to identify persuasive techniques, understand factual information, and develop their own opinions supported by evidence. This article provides a comprehensive guide to understanding, teaching, and using second grade non fiction persuasive passages to foster reading comprehension, critical thinking, and writing skills in young learners.

Understanding Second Grade Non Fiction Persuasive Passages

What Are Non Fiction Persuasive Passages?

Non fiction persuasive passages are texts that aim to convince the reader of a particular point of view or to take a specific action. Unlike fiction stories, these passages are based on facts, real-world information, and logical arguments. They often include topics relevant and interesting to second graders, such as animals, school routines, healthy habits, or favorite hobbies.

Characteristics of Second Grade Non Fiction Persuasive Passages

- Simple language: Designed to be accessible for young readers.
- Clear main idea: Focused on a single topic or argument.
- Supporting details: Facts, examples, and reasons that bolster the main idea.
- Engaging visuals: Pictures or illustrations that complement the text.
- Age-appropriate topics: Topics relevant to second graders' lives and interests.
- Persuasive techniques: Basic strategies like emphasizing benefits or appealing to emotions.

Benefits of Using Persuasive Passages in Second Grade

Incorporating non fiction persuasive passages into second grade literacy instruction offers numerous benefits:

- **Enhances reading comprehension:** Students learn to identify main ideas and supporting details.
- **Develops critical thinking:** Young learners evaluate arguments and evidence.
- **Builds persuasive writing skills:** Students practice expressing opinions convincingly.
- **Increases engagement:** Topics are often connected to students' interests.
- **Fosters informational literacy:** Understanding factual content and distinguishing facts from opinions.

Core Components of Second Grade Non Fiction Persuasive Passages

1. Clear Topic or Main Idea

The passage should revolve around a specific subject that is easy for second graders to understand and relate to.

2. Supporting Evidence

Facts, examples, and reasons help support the main idea and persuade the reader.

3. Persuasive Techniques Appropriate for Young Learners

Basic strategies include:

- Repeating key points
- Using positive language
- Asking rhetorical questions
- Giving simple reasons to support opinions

4. Visuals and Graphics

Pictures, charts, or diagrams help clarify ideas and maintain engagement.

Examples of Topics for Second Grade Persuasive Passages

Effective persuasive passages for second graders often cover familiar and appealing topics, such as:

- Why recess should be longer
- Why dogs are the best pets

- Why reading books is fun
- Why our school should have a garden
- Why everyone should eat vegetables
- Why playing outside is better than watching TV

Strategies for Teaching Second Grade Non Fiction Persuasive Passages

1. Modeling and Shared Reading

Begin by reading persuasive passages aloud, think aloud to demonstrate how to identify the main idea and supporting details.

2. Vocabulary Development

Introduce key words such as "because," "should," "facts," "opinion," and "reason" to help students understand persuasive language.

3. Guided Practice

Provide students with short passages and ask guiding questions:

- What is the passage trying to convince you of?
- What reasons does the author give?
- Do you agree or disagree? Why?

4. Independent Practice

Encourage students to write their own persuasive passages on topics they care about, using a simple graphic organizer to plan their ideas.

5. Use of Visual Aids and Anchor Charts

Create visual displays that highlight persuasive techniques and parts of a persuasive passage to reinforce learning.

Activities to Reinforce Skills with Non Fiction Persuasive Passages

- **Persuasive Passage Read-Alouds:** Read and discuss different passages, emphasizing

persuasive strategies.

- **Graphic Organizers:** Use organizers like T-charts or webs to help students identify reasons and evidence.
- **Opinion Posters:** Have students create posters supporting their favorite animals, foods, or activities.
- **Debates and Role-Playing:** Engage students in simple debates on familiar topics to practice persuasive speaking.
- **Writing Assignments:** Guide students to write their own persuasive paragraphs or short essays.

Assessing Student Understanding of Persuasive Passages

Assessment can be formative or summative, focusing on students' ability to:

- Identify the main idea and supporting details
- Recognize persuasive language and techniques
- Write their own persuasive passages
- Participate in discussions and debates

Sample assessment methods include:

- Student journals or portfolios
- Comprehension quizzes
- Observation checklists
- Student self-reflections

Tips for Parents and Educators

- Choose engaging topics: Select topics relevant to children's lives to increase motivation.
- Use visuals: Incorporate pictures and charts to aid understanding.
- Encourage discussion: Have conversations about opinions and reasons to build critical thinking.
- Provide sentence frames: Offer starters like "I think ____ because ____," to support young writers.
- Reinforce vocabulary: Regularly review key persuasive words and phrases.

Conclusion

Second grade non fiction persuasive passages are a valuable tool in early literacy development.

They not only improve reading comprehension but also foster the ability to think critically and express opinions confidently. By integrating age-appropriate topics, engaging visuals, and interactive activities, educators can create a supportive environment where young learners develop essential persuasive and informational literacy skills. As children become more proficient in understanding and creating persuasive texts, they lay a strong foundation for future academic success and lifelong communication skills.

Second Grade Non-Fiction Persuasive Passages: A Guide to Engaging Young Readers

Introduction

Second grade non-fiction persuasive passages are a vital component of early literacy education, designed to develop young students' ability to read informational texts while also honing their persuasive skills. These passages serve as a bridge between simple factual reading and the more complex skill of convincing others through written and oral arguments. At this stage, children are beginning to understand how to express opinions, support them with reasons, and recognize persuasive language—all within the engaging and accessible genre of non-fiction. Educators and parents alike recognize the importance of these passages not only in building comprehension but also in fostering critical thinking and effective communication among young learners.

What Are Second Grade Non-Fiction Persuasive Passages?

Defining the Genre

Non-fiction persuasive passages for second graders are short texts that aim to influence the reader's opinion or encourage action on a particular topic. Unlike fiction, which involves storytelling and imaginary characters, these passages are rooted in real-world issues, objects, or concepts. For example, a passage might persuade readers to eat healthy snacks, recycle waste, or adopt a pet.

Key Characteristics

- Clear Opinion or Position: The passage clearly states a point of view or recommendation.
- Supporting Reasons: It provides simple, logical reasons to back up the opinion.
- Persuasive Language: Uses specific vocabulary and phrases that appeal to the reader's emotions or sense of logic, such as "it's important," "you should," or "because."

Purpose and Benefits

The primary goal of these passages is to persuade, but they also serve to:

- Improve reading comprehension skills through exposure to informational texts.
- Introduce students to persuasive techniques and vocabulary.
- Encourage critical thinking by evaluating reasons and evidence.
- Foster confidence in expressing opinions both verbally and in writing.

Components of Effective Second Grade Persuasive Passages

To craft or analyze persuasive passages suitable for second graders, understanding their core components is essential. Each component plays a role in making the argument compelling and accessible.

- Clear Topic and Opinion

A persuasive passage begins with a clear statement of the writer's opinion or position. For second graders, this statement should be straightforward and easy to understand.

Example: "Recycling is important."

- Supporting Reasons

A few simple, concrete reasons support the main opinion. These reasons should be relevant and relatable for young children.

Example: "Recycling helps keep our Earth clean," or "It saves resources."

- Simple Evidence or Examples

While detailed evidence is not necessary at this stage, including relatable examples makes reasons more convincing.

Example: "If we recycle cans and bottles, we won't have as much trash in the park."

- Persuasive Language and Call to Action

Using encouraging phrases motivates the reader to agree or act.

Example: "You can help by recycling your paper and plastic!"

Teaching Strategies for Second Grade Persuasive Passages

Introducing second graders to persuasive passages involves specific teaching strategies aimed at developing both comprehension and persuasion skills.

- Model Reading and Think-Alouds

Teachers can read persuasive passages aloud, pausing to discuss why certain sentences are convincing, identifying opinion statements, and highlighting persuasive words.

- Interactive Discussions

Encourage students to share their opinions on familiar topics and support their ideas with reasons. For example, "Why do you think we should have a longer recess?"

- Guided Practice with Graphic Organizers

Using graphic organizers like "Opinion, Reasons, Examples" helps students structure their own persuasive passages and understand the components.

- Vocabulary Development

Focus on teaching persuasive words and phrases that students can incorporate into their writing, such as "because," "you should," "it's important," or "I believe."

- Writing and Revising

Students practice writing their own persuasive passages and revise them with peer or teacher feedback, emphasizing clarity of opinion and supporting reasons.

Sample Topics and Passages for Second Grade Students

Selecting appropriate topics is crucial for engaging second graders in persuasive reading and writing. Topics should be familiar, relevant, and simple enough to develop opinions on.

Sample Topics:

- Why we should have longer recess.
- The importance of eating fruits and vegetables.
- Why cats make good pets.
- Why everyone should recycle.
- The benefits of reading books.

Sample Passage: ?Recycling is good for our planet. When we recycle paper, plastic, and cans, we help keep our earth clean. Recycling also saves resources, like trees and energy. You can help by recycling your bottles and paper every day. Let?s all do our part to protect our environment!?

Assessing and Supporting Young Persuaders

Assessment of second graders? persuasive passages should focus on their ability to clearly state an opinion, support it with reasons, and use persuasive language.

Assessment Criteria:

- Is the opinion clear?
- Are reasons relevant and simple?
- Is there evidence of persuasive language?
- Does the passage include a call to action?

Supporting Strategies:

- Providing sentence starters or frames for opinions and reasons.
- Offering examples of persuasive language.
- Using peer review sessions to provide constructive feedback.
- Encouraging practice through classroom debates or presentations.

Challenges and Solutions in Teaching Persuasive Passages at Second Grade Level

While teaching persuasive passages to second graders offers many benefits, it also presents challenges.

Challenges:

- Limited vocabulary and writing skills.
- Difficulty distinguishing between facts and opinions.

- Short attention spans for lengthy texts.

Solutions:

- Use visual aids, such as pictures and charts, to clarify ideas.
- Keep passages short and engaging, with colorful illustrations.
- Scaffold lessons with step-by-step guidance.
- Incorporate interactive activities like role-playing or puppet shows to reinforce persuasive techniques.

The Role of Parents and Caregivers

Parents and caregivers can support second graders' understanding of persuasive passages by:

- Discussing topics at home and encouraging children to express their opinions.
- Reading age-appropriate persuasive texts together.
- Asking children to persuade them on simple topics, supporting their reasons.
- Encouraging writing short persuasive messages or notes.

The Bigger Picture: Building Foundational Skills for Future Literacy

Introducing second graders to non-fiction persuasive passages lays a foundation for more advanced literacy skills. Early exposure to argumentative texts and persuasive language enhances comprehension, critical thinking, and expressive abilities, all essential for academic success and effective communication.

As students progress through elementary grades, these skills expand into more complex arguments, research projects, and writing assignments. The early mastery of persuasive reading and writing fosters confidence and prepares students for future academic challenges.

Conclusion

Second grade non-fiction persuasive passages are more than just simple texts; they are an essential tool for nurturing young learners' ability to read critically, think logically, and express their ideas convincingly. Through engaging topics, supportive teaching strategies, and active practice, educators and parents can empower children to develop persuasive skills that will serve them well beyond the classroom. By fostering these early skills, we help young students become confident communicators and informed citizens, ready to voice their opinions and make a positive impact in their communities.

Question What are persuasive passages for second graders? Persuasive passages for second graders are short texts that try to convince readers to agree with the author's opinion or idea about a topic. How can I identify persuasive language in a passage? Look for words that try to persuade, like 'must,' 'best,' 'surely,' or 'because,' which show the author is trying to convince you of something. Why are non-fiction persuasive passages important for second graders? They help students learn how to read critically, understand opinions, and develop their own arguments about different topics. What are some common topics in second grade persuasive passages? Topics can include choosing the best pet, eating healthy, recycling, or supporting a favorite sports team. How can I practice understanding persuasive passages? Read short passages and ask yourself what the author wants you to believe or do after reading. Discuss the reasons the author gives. What skills should I develop when reading persuasive non-fiction texts? Skills include identifying the main opinion, recognizing supporting reasons, and understanding how evidence is used to persuade. How can teachers make learning about persuasive passages fun for second graders? Teachers can use games, debates, or creative writing activities where students practice persuading others about their favorite topics. What is an example of a persuasive sentence for second graders? An example is: 'Recycling is important because it helps keep our planet clean and healthy!'

Related keywords: second grade nonfiction texts, persuasive reading for second graders, elementary non fiction passages, persuasive writing for young students, second grade reading comprehension, educational non fiction passages, persuasive skills for kids, classroom reading materials, grade 2 nonfiction articles, early childhood persuasive texts

Read the full article online: [second grade non fiction persuasive passages](#)